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A client-server logical view 60 is provided in Figure 5, which shows the steps of access and data flow in the primary use case of the present invention. Contact is established by the content provider when they enter the Universal Resource Locator (URL) for the present system into their web browser 62 (Internet Explorer and Navigator are among the possible browsers). Access to the system is provided by an HTTP server 64 which answers the browser's HTML page request. The content provider will establish a working session with the system by logging-in. Supporting the session and dynamic data exchange is a Hypertext Preprocessor 66. In a preferred embodiment, the system uses the APACHE HTTP Server (sold by Apache Software Foundation of Forest Hill, Maryland), which is integrally compiled with the PHP hypertext preprocessor (developed by PHP Development Team of which is centralized at the PHP Development Team



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The content provider connects their desktop computer 62 via a browser to the HTTP Server 64 by entering the system's URL (e.g. an Internet web site address) into their browser. The content provider enters a user name and password as part of the login process. The PHP script instructions call a login service in transactional services 68, which, in turn, queries the database 70 for a match. If a match is found then a session is created under the content provider's account and the user is presented with a main page offering a series of options for the creation and management of content managed as jobs. The content provider creates a job that is stored in the database 70 by way of similar PHP script instruction(s) and transactional service(s). Among the information stored as part of the job is a requested schedule of showings for the content, the locations of the showings

